

# VENTING GUIDE

for aboveground storage tanks

A Guide Used to Assist in Equipment Selection for Aboveground Storage Tanks

September 2019

This guide is intended for reference use only. All final details of design and construction shall meet the requirements of federal, state, and local codes. In cases where plan approval is required, such approval shall be obtained from the authority having jurisdiction before any work is performed. The equipment presented in the Guide applies only to shop fabricated tanks.

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			Page
I.	Background	Information	
	Introduction		1
	Definitions		1
II.	Example Ca	Iculations for Vent Selection	
	Horizontal Cy	/lindrical Storage Tank	2
	Vertical Cylin	drical Storage Tank	3
	Horizontal Re	ectangular Storage Tank	4
	Vent Combin	ation Examples	5
III.	Calculation	Tables	
		ed Horizontal Cylindrical Tanks	6-7
		ed Vertical Cylindrical Storage Tanks	8-9
		ed Horizontal Rectangular Storage Tanks	10
		s for Horizontal Cylindrical Tanks	11
		s for Vertical Cylindrical Tanks	12
		/enting Capacity	13
	•/	city per Foot of Length	14
IV.	Vent Selecti	-	
	Vent Capacit	-	14-15
		ergency Vent Specifications	16-18
	Morrison Ver	ting Equipment	19-25
<b>V</b> .	Abovegrour	nd Fuel Storage Diagrams	
	Pressure Sys	stems	27-28
	Suction Syste	ems	29-30
	Generator		31
	Bulk Storage		32
Refe	erences		
NFPA	30	"Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code" 2015 Edition. Nation Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269	nal Fire Protection
UL 142	2	"Steel Aboveground Tanks" 9th Edition. July 19, 2013. UL Standa Publication Stock, 333 Pfingsten Road, Northbrook, IL 60062. Tel	,
ULC S	601-07	Standard for Shop Fabricated Steel Aboveground Tanks for Flam Liquids. December 2007. Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada 7 Toronto, ON M1R 3B4. Tel (514) 757-3611	
PEI RF	200	"Recommended Practices for Installation of Aboveground Storag Motor Vehicle Fueling." Petroleum Equipment Institute, 2008 Edit OK, 74101; Tel (918) 494-9696	•
OSHA	1910.106	Occupational Safety and Health Standards. March 1, 2016. Occu Administration, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 2021	
API 20	00	Venting Atmospheric and Low-Pressure Storage Tanks. 1998. AF Washington, DC 20005-4070. Tel (202) 682-8000	PI, 1220 L Street, NW,

Morrison Bros. Co. 507 East 7th Street, Dubuque, Iowa 52001. Tel (563) 583-5701

# **Background Information**

The Morrison Bros. Co. Venting Guide was created to assist in the selection of venting equipment for aboveground storage tanks. Examples on the next two pages illustrate a vent selection process. It is best to work through the examples before attempting to use any of the tables in this book.

Tables include examples for standard sized tanks. The venting capacity charts and wetted area tables were taken directly from NFPA 30 and UL 142.

The vent selection chapter includes venting capacities of specific Morrison vents. This data was obtained from results of laboratory testing and engineering calculations. Catalog pages of the Morrison equipment follow the vent capacity chart.

# Definitions

**Emergency Venting** — Venting sufficient to relieve excessive internal pressure in storage tanks caused by exposure fires. Venting rate may exceed requirements of normal atmospheric and product transfer effects. In such cases, the construction of the tank will determine if additional venting capacity must be provided.

**Atmospheric Tank** — A storage tank that has been designed to operate at pressures from atmospheric through a gauge pressure of 1.0 psi (6.9 kPa) (i.e., 760 mm Hg through 812 mm Hg) measured at the top of the tank.

**Normal Vent** — An opening, construction method, or device that allows the relief of excessive internal pressure or vacuum during normal storage and operations.

**Pressure Relieving Devices** — Defined in NFPA 30 section 22.7.3.1, where entire dependence for emergency relief is placed upon pressure relieving devices, the total venting capacity of both normal and emergency vents shall be enough to prevent rupture of the shell or bottom of the tank if vertical, or of the shell or heads if horizontal. Wetted Area — Exposed surface or shell area of a tank used in determining the venting requirements needed for that size tank in event of an exposure fire. In a horizontal tank, the wetted area is calculated as 75% of the exposed surface area. In a vertical tank, the wetted area is calculated as the first 30 ft. above grade of the exposed shell area of the tank. In a rectangular tank, the wetted area is calculated as the total surface area of the tank bottom and the four sides, excluding the tank top.

**SCFH** — Abbreviation for Standard Cubic Feet per Hour used to quantify or measure the airflow and degree of pressure relief for venting calculations.

**Vent Capacity** — The maximum rate of airflow (SCFH) recorded under test conditions at a maximum pressure of 2.5 PSI for specific sized emergency vents. This capacity rating is often required to be indicated on the vent itself.

# Vent Selection/Capacity Example 1

# HORIZONTAL CYLINDRICAL STORAGE TANK

### **STEP 1 Pre-calculated Data for Common Sizes**

Find tank size on Table A which can be found on page 6. Table lists wetted area and SCFH for common sized horizontal tanks. For a 10' x 17' tank – wetted area = 518 sq. ft. and required vent capacity = 360,840 SCFH. Proceed to Step 5.

### **STEP 2 Wetted Area Table**

If tank size is NOT listed on Table A, page 6, wetted area can also be found on Table D, page 11. Follow grid for this example -10' diameter x 17' length = 518 sq. ft. Proceed to Step 4.

### **STEP 3 Calculate Wetted Area**

If the tank size is NOT on either chart, wetted area can be calculated. For Horizontal Tanks, wetted area = 75% of the total exposed surface area.

### For a 10' x 17' tank—

0.75[2(area of each end) + (area of shell)] = wetted area

 $\pi$  = 3.14, d = diameter, L = length, WA = wetted area

WA = 
$$0.75[(\pi d^2 \div 2) + (\pi dL)]$$
  
 $0.75[((3.14)(10^2) \div 2) + (3.14)(10)(17)]$ 

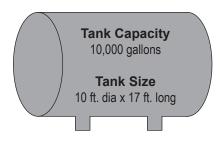
WA = 518 sq. ft.

### **STEP 4 Determine SCFH Requirement**

Use Table F: Venting Capacity Chart on page 13. Wetted area must be known (518 sq. ft.). Since 518 is between 500 and 600 on the chart, interpolation is needed and is done as follows:

	600 sq.	ft.	392,00	0	SCFH
	<u>500 sq.</u>	ft.	<u>354,00</u>	<u>0</u>	SCFH
Difference =	100 sq.	ft.	38,00	0	SCFH
<u>38,000</u> 100	=	<u>x</u> (518-50		x = 6,84	40 SCFH

Total SCFH Required: (6,840 + 354,000) = 360,840 SCFH



### **STEP 5 Vent Selection**

Options based on size of piping, type of product, flow requirements, required venting capacity and mounting. For the sake of this example, use 2" piping, Class 1B liquid. The normal vent size should be no smaller than the system piping, so a Morrison 2" Fig. 748A (20,000 SCFH) is selected.

Total required venting capacity for this tank example was determined to be 360,840 SCFH. Normal venting and emergency venting may be combined to reach this total. Morrison Vent Capacities are listed on Table H, page 15. Since the 6" Emergency Vent (299,684 SCFH) can not provide enough additional capacity to meet the requirement, an 8" Emergency Vent (503,517 SCFH) is selected. In specifying pressure settings, it is recommended that the Emergency Vent NOT be less than the normal vent. Therefore, the vent specification for this example is as follows:

Normal Vent - 2" Fig 748A (8 oz pressure - 1 oz vacuum)	20,000	SCFH
Emergency Vent - 8" Fig 244O (16 oz pressure)	<u>503,517</u>	SCFH
Total Venting Provided	523,517	SCFH

### **STEP 6 Verification**

Refer to Table I on page 16 showing vent combinations and verify the total SCFH figure. Also refer to the product illustrations on pages 17-26 and verify the selection for correct option on material compatibility and mounting requirements.

# Vent Selection/Capacity Example 2

VERTICAL CYLINDRICAL STORAGE TANK

### STEP 1 Pre-calculated Data for Common Sizes

Find tank size on Table B which can be found on page 8-9. Table lists wetted area and SCFH for common sized vertical tanks. For a 10' x 17' tank – wetted area = 534 sq. ft. and required vent capacity = 366,920 SCFH. Proceed to Step 5.

### **STEP 2 Wetted Area Table**

If tank size is NOT listed on Table B, page 8-9, wetted area can also be found on Table E, page 12. Follow grid for this example -10' diameter x 17' height = 534 sq. ft. Proceed to Step 4.

### **STEP 3 Calculate Wetted Area**

If the tank size is NOT on either chart, wetted area can be calculated. For Vertical Tanks, wetted area = area of shell to elevation not more than 30 ft. above the bottom.

For a 10' x 17' tank: Wetted Area = (area of shell)

 $\pi$  = 3.14, d = diameter, L = length, WA = wetted area

WA = 534 sq. ft.

### **STEP 4 Determine SCFH Requirement**

Use Table F: Venting Capacity Chart on page 13. Wetted area must be known (534 sq. ft.). Since 534 is between 500 and 600 on the chart, interpolation is needed and is done as follows:

	600 sq.	ft.	392,00	C	SCFH
	<u>500 sq.</u>	<u>ft.</u>	<u>354,000</u>	<u>0</u>	SCFH
Difference =	100 sq.	ft.	38,00	C	SCFH
38,000 100	=	<u>x</u> (534-50		x = 12,9	920 SCFH

Total SCFH Required: (12,920 + 354,000) = 366,920 SCFH



### **STEP 5 Vent Selection**

Options based on size of piping, type of product, flow requirements, required venting capacity and mounting. For the sake of this example, use 2" piping, Class 1B liquid. The normal vent size should be no smaller than the system piping, so a Morrison 2" Fig. 748A (20,000 SCFH) is selected.

Total required venting capacity for this tank example was determined to be 366,920 SCFH. Normal venting and emergency venting may be combined to reach this total. Morrison Vent Capacities are listed on Table H, page 15. Since the 6" Emergency Vent (299,684 SCFH) can not provide enough additional capacity to meet the requirement, an 8" Emergency Vent (503,517 SCFH) is selected. In specifying pressure settings, it is recommended that the Emergency Vent NOT be less than the normal vent. Therefore, the vent specification for this example is as follows:

Normal Vent - 2" Fig 748A (8 oz pressure - 1 oz vacuum)	20,000	SCFH
Emergency Vent - 8" Fig 244O (16 oz pressure)	<u>503,517</u>	SCFH
Total Venting Provided	523,517	SCFH

### **STEP 6 Verification**

Refer to Table I on page 16 showing vent combinations and verify the total SCFH figure. Also refer to the product illustrations on pages 17-26 and verify the selection for correct option on material compatibility and mounting requirements.

# Vent Selection/Capacity Example 3

# HORIZONTAL RECTANGULAR STORAGE TANK

### STEP 1 Pre-calculated Data for Common Sizes

Find tank size on Table C which can be found on page 10. Table lists wetted area and SCFH for common sized tanks. For a  $274^{*}L \times 130^{*}W \times 65^{*}H (22'10^{*}L \times 10'-10^{*}W \times 5'5^{*}H)$ tank – wetted area = 612 sq. ft. and required vent capacity = 396,320 SCFH. Proceed to Step 4.

### **STEP 2 Wetted Area Table**

If tank size is NOT listed on Table C, page 10, wetted area can be calculated. For Horizontal Rectangular Tanks, wetted area = exposed shell area excluding the top surface of the tank.

For a 274"L x 130"W x 65"H tank:

Wetted area =  $(L \times W) + 2(L \times H) + 2(W \times H)$ 144

L = length, W = width, H = height

(<u>274 x 130) + 2(274 x 65) + 2(130 x 65)</u> 144

Wetted Area = 612 Sq. ft.

### **STEP 3 Determine SCFH Requirement**

Use Table F: Venting Capacity Chart on page 13. Wetted area must be known (612 sq. ft.). Since 612 is between 600 and 700 on the chart, interpolation is needed and is done as follows:

	700 sq.	ft.	428,00	0	SCFH
	<u>600 sq.</u>	ft.	<u>392,00</u>	<u>0</u>	SCFH
Difference =	100 sq.	ft.	36,00	0	SCFH
36,000 100	=	<u>x</u> (612-60	)0)	x = 4,32	20 SCFH

Total SCFH Required: (4,320 + 392,000) = 396,320 SCFH

Tank Capacity 10,000 gallons

Tank Size 274"L x 130"W x 65"H (22'-10"L x 10'-10"W x 5'5"H)

### **STEP 4 Vent Selection**

Options based on size of piping, type of product, flow requirements, required venting capacity and mounting. For the sake of this example, use 2" piping, Class 1B liquid. The normal vent size should be no smaller than the system piping, so a Morrison 2" Fig. 748A (20,000 SCFH) is selected.

Total required venting capacity for this tank example was determined to be 396,320 SCFH. Normal venting and emergency venting may be combined to reach this total. Morrison Vent Capacities are listed on Table H, page 15. Since the 6" Emergency Vent (299,684 SCFH) can not provide enough additional capacity to meet the requirement, an 8" Emergency Vent (503,517 SCFH) is selected. In specifying pressure settings, it is recommended that the Emergency Vent NOT be less than the normal vent. Therefore, the vent specification for this example is as follows:

Normal Vent - 2" Fig 748A (8 oz pressure - 1 oz vacuum)	20,000	SCFH
Emergency Vent - 8" Fig 244O (16 oz pressure)	<u>503,517</u>	SCFH
Total Venting Provided	523,517	SCFH

### **STEP 5 Verification**

Refer to Table I on page 16 showing vent combinations and verify the total SCFH figure. Also refer to the product illustrations on pages 17-26 and verify the selection for correct option on material compatibility and mounting requirements.

Note: All calculations above are less screens.

# Table I: Vent Combination Examples

	MO	RRISON VENTS	SCFH		MO	RRISON VENTS	SCFH
1.	2" 4"	Fig. 748A - 4 oz P Fig. 244O - 8 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>131,700</u>	7.	2" 4"	5	<u>131,700</u>
2.	2" 6"	Fig. 748A - 8 oz P Fig. 244O - 16 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>299,684</u>	8.	3" 6"	Fig. 748A - 8 oz P Fig. 244O - 16 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>299,684</u>
3.	2" 8"	Fig. 748A - 8 oz P Fig. 244O - 16 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>503,517</u>	9.	3" 8"	Fig. 748A - 8 oz P Fig. 244O - 16 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>503,517</u>
4.	2" 10"	Fig. 748A - 8 oz P Fig. 244OF - 16 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>890,275</u>	10.	3" 10"	Fig. 922 - 8 oz P Fig. 244OF - 16 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>890,275</u>
5.	2" 10"	Fig. 948A - 2.5-6"wc P Fig. 244OF - 8 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>890,275</u>	11.		Fig. 748A - 8 oz P Fig. 244OF - 8 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>890,275</u>
6.	3" 10"	Fig. 748A - 8 oz P Fig. 244OF - 10 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>890,275</u>	12.		Fig. 354 Fig. 244OF - 8 oz P TOTAL SCFH	<u>890,275</u>

# **Table A: Pre-Calculated Data**

# HORIZONTAL CYLINDRICAL TANKS

TANK						
CAPACITY (Gallons)	DIAMETER (Ft or In)	LENGTH (Ft-In)	WETTED AREA (Sq Ft)	REQ'D VENT CAPACITY (SCFH)	EMERGENCY VENT SIZE WITHOUT SCREEN (Inches)	EMERGENCY VENT SIZE WITH SCREEN (Inches)
280	36"	5'-2"	47	49,520	3	3
300	38"	5'-0"	49	51,640	3	4
500	48"	5'-5"	69	72,650	4	4
530	46"	6'-0"	71	74,750	4	4
550	48"	6'-0"	75	78,950	4	4
1,000	48"	10'-8"	119	124,950	4	5
1,000	64"	6'-0"	109	114,450	4	4
1,500	64"	9'-0"	147	154,350	5	5
2,000	64"	12'-0"	184	193,200	6	6
2,500	64"	15'-0"	222	223,320	6	6
3,000	64"	18'-0"	259	243,680	6	6
3,000	6'-0"	14'-0"	240	233,400	6	6
4,000	64"	24'-0"	335	281,100	6	NA
4,000	6'-0"	19'-0"	311	270,060	6	NA
5,000	8'-0"	13'-4"	326	276,960	6	NA
6,000	8'-0"	16'-0"	376	300,480	8	NA
8,000	8'-0"	21'-4"	477	344,340	8	NA
10,000	8'-0"	27'-0"	584	385,920	8	NA
10,000	9'-0"	21'-0"	540	369,200	8	NA
10,000	10'-0"	17'-0"	518	360,840	8	NA
10,000	10'-6"	15'-7"	515	359,700	8	NA
12,000	8'-0"	32'-0"	678	420,080	8	NA
12,000	9'-0"	25'-0"	625	401,000	8	NA
12,000	10'-0"	20'-6"	600	392,000	8	NA
12,000	11'-0"	17'-0"	583	385,540	8	NA
15,000	8'-0"	40'-0"	829	470,990	8	NA
15,000	10'-6"	23'-5"	703	429,020	8	NA
20,000	10'-0"	34'-2"	922	499,820	8	NA
20,000	10'-6"	31'-0"	896	491,760	8	NA
20,000	11'-0"	28'-0"	868	483,080	8	NA
25,000	10'-6"	38'-6"	1,082	537,530	10	NA

(TABLE CONTINUES ON NEXT PAGE)

# Table A: Pre-Calculated Data

# HORIZONTAL CYLINDRICAL TANKS (CONTINUED)

TANK						
CAPACITY (Gallons)	DIAMETER (Ft or In)	LENGTH (Ft-In)	WETTED AREA (Sq Ft)	REQ'D VENT CAPACITY (SCFH)	EMERGENCY VENT SIZE WITHOUT SCREEN (Inches)	EMERGENCY VENT SIZE WITH SCREEN (Inches)
30,000	10'-0"	51'-2"	1,324	575,600	10	NA
30,000	10'-6"	46'-3"	1,274	568,100	10	NA
40,000	12'-0"	47'-6"	1,512	602,120	10	NA
50,000	12'-0"	59'-6"	1,852	664,980	10	NA
50,000	12'-6"	54'-6"	1,789	637,735	10	NA
60,000	12'-0"	71'-0"	2,177	680,585	10	NA
60,000	12'6"	65'5"	2,110	637,550	10	NA
60,000	13'-0"	60'-6"	2,052	667,460	10	NA
70,000	13'-0"	72'-0"	2,404	704,380	10	NA

# **Table B: Pre-Calculated Data**

# VERTICAL CYLINDRICAL TANKS

TANK	TANK					
CAPACITY (Gallons)	DIAMETER (Ft or In)	LENGTH (Ft-In)	WETTED AREA (Sq Ft)	REQ'D VENT CAPACITY (SCFH)	EMERGENCY VENT SIZE WITHOUT SCREEN (Inches)	EMERGENCY VENT SIZE WITH SCREEI (Inches)
280	36"	5'-2"	48	50,580	3	3
300	38"	5'-0"	49	51,640	3	4
500	48"	5'-5"	68	71,600	4	4
530	46"	6'-0"	72	75,800	4	4
550	48"	6'-0"	75	78,950	4	4
1,000	48"	10'-8"	134	140,700	5	5
1,000	64"	6'-0"	100	105,000	5	5
1,500	64"	9'-0"	151	158,550	5	5
2,000	64"	12'-0"	201	213,100	6	6
2,500	64"	15'-0"	251	239,520	6	6
3,000	6'-0"	14'-0"	263	245,760	6	6
3,000	64"	18'-0"	301	265,460	6	NA
4,000	64"	24'-0"	402	312,840	8	NA
4,000	6'-0"	19'-0"	358	291,840	6	NA
5,000	8'-0"	13'-4"	335	281,100	6	NA
6,000	8'-0"	16'-0"	402	312,840	8	NA
8,000	8'-0"	21'-4"	536	367,680	8	NA
10,000	8'-0"	27'-0"	678	420,080	8	NA
10,000	9'-0"	21'-0"	593	389,340	8	NA
10,000	10'-0"	17'-0"	534	366,920	8	NA
10,000	10'-6"	15'-7"	514	359,320	8	NA
12,000	8'-0"	32'-0"	754	446,360	8	NA
12,000	9'-0"	25'-0"	706	430,040	8	NA
12,000	10'-0"	20'-6"	644	407,840	8	NA
12,000	11'-0"	17'-0"	587	387,060	8	NA
15,000	8'-0"	40'-0"	754	446,360	8	NA
15,000	10'-6"	23'-5"	764	449,760	8	NA
20,000	10'-0"	34'-2"	942	506,020	10	NA
20,000	10'-6"	31'-0"	990	520,900	10	NA
20,000	11'-0"	28'-0"	967	513,770	10	NA
25,000	10'-6"	38'-6"	990	520,900	10	NA

(TABLE CONTINUES ON NEXT PAGE)

# Table B: Pre-Calculated Data

# VERTICAL CYLINDRICAL TANKS (CONTINUED)

TANK						
CAPACITY (Gallons)	DIAMETER (Ft or In)	LENGTH (Ft-In)	WETTED AREA (Sq Ft)	REQ'D VENT CAPACITY (SCFH)	EMERGENCY VENT SIZE WITHOUT SCREEN (Inches)	EMERGENCY VENT SIZE WITH SCREEN (Inches)
30,000	10'-6"	46'-3"	990	520,900	10	NA
30,000	12'-0"	35'-6"	1,131	545,615	10	NA
30,000	12'-6"	32'-9"	1,176	553,040	10	NA
40,000	12'-0"	47'-6"	1,131	545,615	10	NA
40,000	12'-6"	43'-8"	1,178	553,370	10	NA
40,000	13'-0"	40'-4"	1,225	560,750	10	NA
49,500	13'-0"	50'-0"	1,225	560,750	10	NA
57,000	14'-0"	50'-0"	1,319	574,850	10	NA

# **Table C: Pre-Calculated Data**

# HORIZONTAL RECTANGULAR TANKS

TANK							
CAPACITY (Gallons)	LENGTH (Ft-In)	WIDTH (Ft-In)	HEIGHT (Ft-In)	WETTED AREA (Sq Ft)	REQ'D VENT CAPACITY (SCFH)	EMERGENCY VENT SIZE WITHOUT SCREEN (Inches)	EMERGENCY VENT SIZE WITH SCREEN (Inches)
125	6'-8"	2'-9"	1'-0"	37	38,950	3	3
186	2'-8"	2'-8"	3'-6"	44	46,340	3	3
250	4'-4"	4'-0"	1'-11"	49	51,640	3	4
250	6'-8"	2'-9"	1'-11"	54	56,900	3	4
500	7'-6"	3'-0"	3'-0"	86	90,560	4	4
500	10'-0"	3'-6"	2'-0"	89	93,740	4	4
1,000	9'-8"	4'-8"	3'-0"	131	137,550	5	5
1,000	10'-0"	4'-7"	2'-11"	133	139,650	5	5
2,000	10'-2"	6'-11"	3'-10"	201	211,560	6	6
2,000	10'-8"	6'-4"	4'-0"	204	213,240	6	6
2,500	10'-2"	6'-11"	4'-9"	233	229,480	6	6
3,000	8'-6"	6'-10"	7'-2"	278	253,560	6	NA
3,000	13'-9"	5'-5"	5'-5"	282	255,640	6	NA
4,000	11'-4"	6'-10"	7'-2"	338	282,480	6	NA
4,000	18'-2"	5'-5"	5'-5"	354	289,920	6	NA
5,000	22'-9"	5'-5"	5'-5"	428	323,760	8	NA
6,000	13'-8"	10'-10"	5'-5"	413	317,460	8	NA
6,000	16'-5"	6'-10"	7'-2"	445	330,900	8	NA
6,000	27'-4"	5'-5"	5'-5"	503	355,140	8	NA
8,000	18'-2"	10'-10"	5'-5"	511	358,180	8	NA
8,000	21'-11"	6'-10"	7'-2"	562	377,560	8	NA
10,000	22'-10"	10'-10"	5'-5"	612	396,320	8	NA
10,000	27'-5"	6'-10"	7'-2"	678	420,080	8	NA
12,000	27'-4"	10'-10"	5'-5"	710	431,400	8	NA
12,000	32'-11"	6'-10"	7'-2"	795	460,300	8	NA

# **Table D: Approximate Wetted Areas**

# HORIZONTAL CYLINDRICAL TANKS

Tank Diameter	3 Ft	4 Ft	5 Ft	6 Ft	7 Ft	8 Ft	9 Ft	10 Ft	11 Ft	12 Ft	13 Ft	Tank Diameter	3 F1	t 4 Ft	5 Ft	6 Ft	7 Ft	8 Ft	9 Ft	10 Ft	11 Ft	12 Ft	13 Ft
Tank Length	Ap	proxii	mate	Wetter	r Area d	of Tank	s With	Flat He	ads, S	quare	Feet	Tank Length	Aj	oprox	imate	Wette	Area o	of Tank	s With	Flat He	eads, S	quare	Feet
3 Ft	32											38 Ft					685	791	902	1013	1129	1244	1363
4 Ft	39	55										39 Ft					701	810	923	1036	1155	1272	1394
5 Ft	46	65	88									40 Ft					718	828	944	1060	1181	1301	1425
6 Ft	53	74	100	128								41 Ft					734	847	966	1083	1207	1329	1455
7 Ft	60	84	112	142	173							42 Ft					751	866	987	1107	1233	1357	1486
8 Ft	67	93	124	156	190	226						43 Ft					767	885	1008	1130	1259	1385	1517
9 Ft	74	102	136	170	206	245	286					44 Ft						904	1029	1154	1284	1414	1547
10 Ft	81	112	147	184	223	264	308	353				45 Ft						923	1051	1178	1310	1442	1578
11 Ft	88	121	159	198	239	283	329	377	428			46 Ft						941	1072	1201	1336	1470	1609
12 Ft	95	131	171	213	256	301	350	400	454	509		47 Ft						960	1093	1225	1362	1498	1639
13 Ft	102	140	183	227	272	320	371	424	480	537	598	48 Ft						979	1114	1248	1388	1527	1670
14 Ft	109	150	194	241	289	339	393	447	506	565	628	49 Ft							1135	1272	1414	1555	1700
15 Ft	116	159	206	255	305	358	414	471	532	594	659	50 Ft							1157	1295	1440	1583	1731
16 Ft	123	169	218	269	322	377	435	495	558	622	690	51 Ft							1178	1319	1466	1612	1762
17 Ft	130	178	230	283	338	395	456	518	584	650	720	52 Ft							1199	1342	1492	1640	1792
18 Ft	137	188	242	298	355	414	477	542	610	678	751	53 Ft							1220	1366	1518	1668	1823
19 Ft		197	253	312	371	433	499	565	636	707	781	54 Ft							1246	1389	1544	1697	1854
20 Ft		206	265	326	388	452	520	589	662	735	812	55 Ft							1263	1413	1570	1725	1884
21 Ft		216	277	340	404	471	541	612	688	763	843	56 Ft								1437	1593	1753	1915
22 Ft		225	289	354	421	490	562	636	714	792	873	57 Ft								1460	1622	1781	1945
23 Ft		235	300	368	437	508	584	659	740	820	904	58 Ft								1484	1648	1809	1976
24 Ft		244	312	383	454	527	605	683	765	848	935	59 Ft								1507	1674	1839	2007
25 Ft			324	397	470	546	626	706	791	876	965	60 Ft								1531	1700	1867	2037
26 Ft			336	411	487	565	647	730	817	905	996	61 Ft									1726	1895	2068
27 Ft			347	425	503	584	668	754	843	933	1027	62 Ft									1752	1923	2099
28 Ft			359	440	520	603	690	777	869	961	1057	63 Ft									1778	1951	2129
29 Ft			371	454	536	621	711	801	895	989	1088	64 Ft									1803	1980	2160
30 Ft			383	468	553	640	732	824	921	1018	1118	65 Ft									1829	2007	2190
31 Ft			395	482	569	659	753	848	947	1046	1149	66 Ft									1855	2036	2221
32 Ft				496	586	678	775	871	973	1074	1180	67 Ft										2064	2252
33 Ft				510	602	697	796	895	999	1103	1210	68 Ft										2093	2282
34 Ft				524	619	715	817	918	1025	1131	1241	69 Ft										2121	2313
35 Ft				539	635	734	838	942	1051	1159	1272	70 Ft										2149	2343
36 Ft				553	652	753	860	966	1077	1187	1302	71 Ft										2177	2374
37 Ft				567	668	772	881	989	1103	1216	1333	72 Ft										2205	2405

SI Units: 1 Ft = 0.30 m; 1 sq ft = 0.09 sq m Source for Chart: UL 142, Table A-2, 9th Edition, July 19, 2013

# **Table E: Approximate Wetted Areas**

### VERTICAL CYLINDRICAL TANKS

(Area of Shell to Elevation Not More Than 30 Ft. Above Bottom)

Tank Diameter	3 Ft	4 Ft	5 Ft	6 Ft	7 Ft	8 Ft	9 Ft	10 Ft	11 Ft	12 Ft	13 Ft	14 Ft
Tank Length	Wetted A	Area, Squa	are Feet									
3 Ft	28											
4 Ft	38	50										
5 Ft	47	63	79									
6 Ft	56	76	94	113								
7 Ft	66	88	110	132	154							
8 Ft	75	101	127	151	176	201			ĺ		ĺ	
9 Ft	85	113	141	170	198	226	255					
10 Ft	94	126	157	189	220	251	283	314			İ	
11 Ft	103	139	173	208	242	276	311	345	381			
12 Ft	113	151	188	227	264	301	340	377	415	452		
13 Ft		164	204	246	286	326	368	408	450	490	531	
14 Ft		176	220	265	308	351	396	440	484	528	572	616
15 Ft		189	236	284	330	377	424	471	519	566	613	660
16 Ft		202	251	302	352	402	453	502	554	603	654	704
17 Ft		İ	267	321	374	427	481	534	588	641	695	748
18 Ft			283	340	396	452	510	565	623	679	735	792
19 Ft			298	359	418	477	538	597	657	716	776	836
20 Ft		İ	314	378	440	502	566	628	692	754	817	880
21 Ft				397	462	527	594	659	727	792	858	924
22 Ft				416	484	552	623	691	761	829	899	968
23 Ft				435	506	577	651	722	796	867	940	1012
24 Ft				454	528	602	679	757	830	905	981	1056
25 Ft					550	628	708	785	865	943	1021	1100
26 Ft					572	653	736	816	900	980	1062	1144
27 Ft					594	678	764	848	934	1018	1103	1188
28 Ft					616	703	792	879	969	1056	1144	1232
29 Ft						728	821	911	1003	1093	1185	1275
30 Ft						753	849	942	1038	1131	1226	1319

SI Units: 1 Ft = 0.30 m; 1 sq ft = 0.09 sq m Source for Chart: UL 142, Table A-3, 9th Edition, July 19, 2013

# Table F: Emergency Venting Capacity

Wetted surface, square feet <sup>a</sup>	Venting capacity, standard cubic feet per hour <sup>b</sup>	Minimum opening, nominal pipe size, inches
20	21,100	2
30	31,600	2
40	42,100	3
50	52,700	3
60	63,200	3
70	73,700	4
80	84,200	4
90	94,800	4
100	105,000	4
120	126,000	5
140	147,000	5
160	168,000	5
180	190,000	5
200	211,000	6
250	239,000	6
300	265,000	6
350	288,000	8
400	312,000	8
500	354,000	8
600	392,000	8
700	428,000	8
800	462,000	8
900	493,000	8
1000	524,000	10
1200	557,000	10
1400	587,000	10
1600	614,000	10
1800	639,000	10
2000	662,000	10
2400	704,000	10
2800	742,000	10
3200	776,000	12
3600 and over	806,000	12

<sup>a</sup> Interpolate for intermediate values.

<sup>b</sup> These values taken from NFPA 30–2015, Table 22.7.3.2

Notes:

• Emergency venting capacity is based on atmospheric pressure of 14.7 psia and 60° F (101.4 kPa and 16° C).

• These pipe sizes apply only to open vent pipes to the specified diameter not more than 12 inches (0.3m) long and a pressure in tank of not more than 2.5 psig (17.1 kPa). • If tank is to be equipped with a venting device or flame arrestor, the vent opening is to accommodate the venting device or flame arrestor in accordance with the listed SCFH.

### NFPA 30 — 2015

### **Normal Venting Recommendations**

21.4.3.3 Normal vents shall be sized in accordance with either API Standard 2000, Venting Atmospheric and Low-Pressure Storage Tanks, or another approved standard. Alternatively, the normal vent shall be at least as large as the largest filling or withdrawal connection, but in no case shall it be less than 1¼ in. (3.2 cm) nominal inside diameter.

# Venting Guide

# Table G: Gallon Capacity Per Foot of Length

Diameter (Inches)	U.S. Gallons Per Ft Length	Diameter (Inches)	U.S. Gallons Per Ft Length	Diameter (Inches)	U.S. Gallons Per Ft Length	Diameter (Inches)	U.S. Gallons Per Ft Length
24	23.50	56	127.95	88	315.95	120	587.52
25	25.50	57	132.56	89	323.18	121	597.70
26	27.58	58	137.25	90	330.48	122	607.27
27	29.74	59	142.02	91	337.86	123	617.26
28	31.99	60	146.88	92	345.33	124	627.00
29	34.31	61	151.82	93	352.88	125	638.20
30	36.72	62	156.83	94	360.51	126	647.74
31	39.21	63	161.93	95	368.22	127	658.60
32	41.78	64	167.12	96	376.01	128	668.47
33	44.43	65	172.38	97	383.89	129	678.95
34	47.16	66	177.72	98	391.84	130	690.30
35	49.98	67	183.15	99	399.88	131	700.17
36	52.88	68	188.66	100	408.00	132	710.90
37	55.86	69	194.25	101	416.00	133	721.71
38	58.92	70	199.92	102	424.48	134	732.60
39	62.06	71	205.67	103	433.10	135	743.58
40	65.28	72	211.51	104	441.80	136	754.64
41	68.58	73	217.42	105	449.82	137	765.78
42	71.97	74	223.42	106	458.30	138	776.99
43	75.44	75	229.50	107	467.70	139	788.30
44	78.99	76	235.66	108	475.89	140	799.68
45	82.62	77	241.90	109	485.00	141	811.14
46	86.33	78	248.23	110	493.70	142	822.69
47	90.13	79	254.63	111	502.70	143	834.32
48	94.00	80	261.12	112	511.90	144	846.03
49	97.96	81	267.69	113	521.40		
50	102.00	82	274.34	114	530.24		
51	106.12	83	281.07	115	540.00		
52	110.32	84	287.88	116	549.50		
53	114.61	85	294.78	117	558.51		
54	118.97	86	301.76	118	568.00		
55	123.42	87	308.81	119	577.80		

# Table H: Vent Capacity

SIZE	FIG. NO.	MOUNTING CONNECTION	DESCRIPTION	PRESSURE oz/sq in.	CAPACITY SCFH	DATA SOURCE
11⁄2"	354	Female Slip On	Updraft Vent	0	27,650	Tested at Iowa State University by P. Kavanagh, 1990
2"	244OM	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8	31,917	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014
2"	2440MS	Male Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8	24,069	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014
2"	245M	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8	31,917	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014
2"	245MS	Male Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8	24,069	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014
2"	351S	Female Threads	Flame Arrester	0	22,000	Tested at Ohio State Univ. by O. E. Buxton Jr. 1967
2"	351S/748A	Female Threads	Flame Arrester/Vent	2, 4, 6, or 8	15,500	Based on ISU Test of 2" 351S/548-748 - 8 oz. by Kavanagh, 1990
2"	351S/748A	Female Threads	Flame Arrester/Vent	12 or 16	13,000	Based on ISU Test of 2" 351S/548-748 - 8 oz. by Kavanagh, 1990
2"	354	Female Slip On	Updraft Vent	0	27,650	Tested at Univ. Wisconsin Platteville by L. Lee, 1988
2"	748A	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent	2, 4, or 6	20,200	Based on ISU Test of 2" 548 - 8 oz. by Kavanagh, 1960
2"	748A	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent	8	20, 000	Based on ISU Test of 2" 548 - 8 oz. by Kavanagh, 1960
2"	748A	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent	12	18,600	Based on ISU Test of 2" 548 - 8 oz. by Kavanagh, 1960
2"	748A	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent	16	18,600	Tested at Iowa State Univ. by P. Kavanagh, 1960
2"	749	Female Thds/Slip On	Pressure Vacuum Vent	8	8,500	Tested at Univ. of Wisconsin Platteville by L. Lee, 1988
2"	749	Female Thds/Slip On	Pressure Vacuum Vent	12	8,500	Tested at Univ. of Wisconsin Platteville by L. Lee, 1988

### Venting Guide

# Table H: Vent Capacity (CONTINUED)

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SIZE	FIG. NO.	MOUNTING CONNECTION	DESCRIPTION	PRESSURE oz/sq in.	CAPACITY SCFH	DATA SOURCE	
2"	749 CRB	Female Thds/Slip On	Pressure Vacuum Vent	1.70	11,000	Tested at Univ. of Wisconsin Platteville by L. Lee, 1996	
2"	922	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent Alarm	6	30,120	Tested at Environ Laboratories, 2006	
2"	922	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent Alarm	8	30,300	Tested at Environ Laboratories, 2006	
2"	948A	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent Alarm	2.5-6" WC	36,720	Tested at Underwriters Laboratories, 2012	
3"	244OM	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	60,994	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
3"	2440MS	Male Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8 or 16	51,076	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
3"	2440	Female Threads	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	60,994	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
3"	244OS	Female Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8 or 16	51,076	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
3"	245M	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8	67,162	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
3"	245MS	Male Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8	56,241	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
3"	245	Female Threads	Emergency Vent	8	67,162	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
3"	245S	Female Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8	56,241	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
3"	354	Female Slip On	Updraft Vent	0	59,000	Tested at Univ. Wisconsin Platteville by L. Lee, 1996	
3"	749	Female Thds/Slip On	Pressure Vacuum Vent	8	8,500	Tested at Univ. of Wisconsin Platteville by L. Lee, 1988	
3"	749	Female Thds/Slip On	Pressure Vacuum Vent	12	8,500	Tested at Univ. of Wisconsin Platteville by L. Lee, 1988	
3"	749 CRB	Female Thds/Slip On	Pressure Vacuum Vent	1.70	11,000	Tested at Univ. of Wisconsin Platteville by L. Lee, 1996	
3"	748A	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent	2, 4, 6, or 8	43,000	Based on ISU Test of 3" 548 - 8 oz. by Kavanagh, 1990	
3"	748A	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent	12 or 16	40,000	Based on ISU Test of 3" 548 - 16 oz. by Kavanagh, 1990	
3"	922	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent Alarm	6	44,160	Tested at Environ Laboratories, 2006	
3"	922	Female Threads	Pressure Vacuum Vent Alarm	8	43,080	Tested at Environ Laboratories, 2006	
4"	244OM	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	131,700	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
4"	2440MS	Male Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8 or 16	117,160	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
4"	2440	Female Threads	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	131,700	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
4"	244OS	Female Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8 or 16	117,160	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
4"	245M	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8	129,369	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
4"	245MS	Male Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8	115,086	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
4"	245	Female Threads	Emergency Vent	8	129,369	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
4"	245S	Female Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8	115,086	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
4"	245F	Flanged	Emergency Vent	8	129,369	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
4"	245FS	Flanged	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8	115,086	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
4"	354	Female Slip On	Updraft Vent	0	116,900	Tested at Continental Disc Corp, 1997	
5"	2440	Female Threads	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	190,087	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
5"	244OS	Female Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8 or 16	165,756	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
5"	244OM	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	190,087	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
5"	2440MS	Male Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8 or 16	165,756	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
6"	2440	Female Threads	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	299,684	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
6"	244OS	Female Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8 or 16	250,236	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
6"	2440F	Flanged	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	299,684	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
6"	2440FS	Flanged	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8 or 16	250,236	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
6"	244OM	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	299,684	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
6"	2440MS	Male Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8 or 16	250,236	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
6"	245M	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8	331,750	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
6"	245MS	Male Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8	277,011	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
6"	245	Female Threads	Emergency Vent	8	331,750	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
6"	245S	Female Threads	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8	277,011	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
6"	245F	Flanged	Emergency Vent	8	331,750	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
6"	245FS	Flanged	Emergency Vent w/ Screen	8	277,011	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
8"	2440	Female Threads	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	503,517	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
8"	2440F	Flanged	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	503,517	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
8"	244OM	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	503,517	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
8"	245M	Male Threads	Emergency Vent	8	527,441	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
8"	245	Female Threads	Emergency Vent	8	527,441	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
8"	245F	Flanged	Emergency Vent	8	527,441	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	
10"	2440F	Flanged	Emergency Vent	8 or 16	890,275	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2014	
10"	245F	Flanged	Emergency Vent	8	972,110	Colorado Engineering Experiment Station Inc., 2018	

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2583



Use EVR models to comply with pressure decay test. Contact factory for assistance.

ltem		Opening Pressure Setting	Weight	Venting Capacity (*Est. SCFH	Mounting
Number	Size	(oz/in²)	(lbs)	`@ 2.5 PSI)	Connection
	3"	8.0	7.00	60,994	Female NPT
		16.0	11.00	60,994	Female NPT
	4"	8.0	10.00	131,700	Female NPT
		16.0*	18.00	131,700	Female NPT
2440	5"	8.0	14.00	190,087	Female NPT
2110		16.0*	27.00	190,087	Female NPT
	6"	8.0*	19.00	299,684	Female NPT
	0	16.0*	36.00	299,684	Female NPT
	8"	8.0*	33.00	503,517	Female NPT
	0	16.0*	62.00	503,517	Female NPT
	4"	8.0	11.00	131,700	Flanged
	4	16.0	20.00	131,700	Flanged
	6"	8.0	21.00	299,684	Flanged
	0	16.0	38.00	299,684	Flanged
2440F	8"	8.0	33.00	503,517	Flanged
	0	16.0	67.00	503,517	Flanged
		2.5	25.00	881,670	Flanged
	10"	8.0	57.00	890,275	Flanged
		16.0	103.00	890,275	Flanged
	0"	8.0	1.0	31,917	Male NPT
	2"	16.0*	0.4	31,917	Male NPT
	0.1	8.0	7.00	60,994	Male NPT
	3"	16.0*	11.0	60,994	Male NPT
	4.1	8.0	10.00	131,700	Male NPT
044014	4"	16.0*	19.00	131,700	Male NPT
244OM	<b></b>	8.0	15.00	190,087	Male NPT
	5"	16.0*	28.00	190,087	Male NPT
		8.0*	20.00	299,684	Male NPT
	6"	16.0*	37.00	299,684	Male NPT
		8.0*	34.00	503,517	Male NPT
	8"	16.0*	63.00	503,517	Male NPT
2440MI	3"	8.0	8.00	60,994	Male NPT

\* Indicates EVR models available.

# 244 Series Emergency Vent

UL Listed emergency vent (pressure relief only) used on aboveground storage tanks, as a code requirement, to help prevent the tank from becoming overpressurized and possibly rupturing if ever exposed to fire. The vent must be used in conjunction with a "normal vent." Correct application of this vent requires proper vent size and selection for the tank system in order to meet the specific venting capacity.

### Code Compliance

When properly sized for the tank, this vent will conform to the requirements of the International Fire Code; National Fire Code of Canada; National Fire Protection Agency - NFPA 1, 30, 30A, 31, 37, 110; Petroleum Equipment Institute - PEI RP200, PEI RP800; Underwriters Laboratories Inc. UL-142, UL-2085, UL- 2244; Underwriters Laboratories of Canada CAN/ULC S601, CAN/ULC S602, CAN/ULC S652, OSHA 1910.106

### Approvals

California Air Resource Board (CARB) Phase 1 Enhanced Vapor Recovery (EVR) AST Certified Products (VR-402-B), Underwriters Laboratories Inc. UL-2583, Morrison venting guide

### **Construction Details**

### 2" Vent

Body... Aluminum, iron, or brass Cover... Aluminum or brass O-Ring... FKM Screen... 4 mesh stainless steel (optional) Center Pin... Zinc-plated steel

### 3", 4", 5", 6", 8", 10" Vents

Body... Aluminum

Cover... Power coated cast iron

O-Ring... FKM-A, standard models

O-Ring... FKM-B, Model numbers ending in AVE or AVEVR

Screen... 3 mesh stainless steel (3",4",5" and 6") (optional)

#### NOTE

Emergency vent should be set higher than the normal vent so the normal vent operates first.

**WARNINGS:** The 244 emergency vent is for "emergency pressure relief only" and must be used in conjunction with a "normal vent" or pressure vacuum vent such as a Morrison Fig. 354,748, 948A, 749 or 922. The 244 emergency vent must be properly sized and selected for each specific tank application in order to meet the proper "venting capacity" requirements. See the Morrison Vent Guide for further instructions.

WARNING: DO NOT FILL OR UNLOAD FUEL FROM A STORAGE TANK UNLESS IT IS CERTAIN THAT THE TANK VENTS WILL OPERATE PROPERLY. Morrison tank vents are designed only for use on shop fabricated atmospheric tanks which have been built and tested in accordance with UL 142, NFPA 30 & 30A, and API 650 and in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal laws. In normal operation, dust and debris can accumulate in vent openings and block air passages. Certain atmospheric conditions such as a sudden drop in temperature, below freezing temperatures, and freezing rain can cause moisture to enter the vent and freeze which can restrict internal movement of vent mechanisms and block air passages. All storage tank vent air passages must be completely free of restriction and all vent mechanisms must have free movement in order to insure proper operation. Any restriction of airflow can cause excessive pressure or vacuum to build up in the storage tank, which can result in structural damage to the tank, fuel spillage, property damage, fire, injury, and death. Monthly inspection, and immediate inspection during freezing conditions, by someone familiar with the proper operation of storage tank vents, is required to insure venting devices are functioning properly before filling or unloading a tank. Normal vents such as pressure vacuum and updraft vents for aboveground storage tanks should be sized according to NFPA 30 (2008) 21.4.3

UL US LISTED 2583

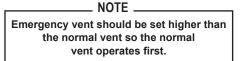
# 245 Series Lightweight Emergency Vent

This lightweight, spring-loaded emergency vent (pressure relief only) is used on aboveground storage tanks, as a code requirement, to help prevent the tank from becoming overpressurized and possibly rupturing if ever exposed to fire. This vent must be used in conjunction with a "normal vent." Correct application of this vent requires proper vent size and selection for the tank system in order to meet the specific venting capacity.

### **Construction Details**

Body... Aluminum Cover... Aluminum Seat... FKM Bolt... Zinc plated steel

# Fig.245M Fig. 245F



### Code Compliance

NFPA 1, 30, 30A, 31, 37, 110; PEI RP200, PEI RP800; UL 142, UL 142A, UL 2085, UL 2244; CAN/ULC S601, CAN/ULC S602, CAN/ULC S652

### Approvals

Underwriters Laboratories Inc. UL-2583

ltem Number	Size	Opening Pressure Setting (oz/in²)	Weight (lbs)	Venting Capacity (*Est. SCFH @ 2.5 PSI)	Mounting Connection
	3"	8.0	2.80	67,162	Female NPT
245	4"	8.0	3.30	129,369	Female NPT
240	6"	8.0	5.50	331,750	Female NPT
	8"	8.0	9.20	527,441	Female NPT
	2"	8.0	0.50	31,917	Male NPT
	3"	8.0	2.50	67,162	Male NPT
245M	4"	8.0	4.50	129,369	Male NPT
	6"	8.0	6.20	331,750	Male NPT
	8"	8.0	10.10	527,441	Male NPT
	4"	8.0	6.00	129,369	Flanged
245F	6"	8.0	9.10	331,750	Flanged
245F	8"	8.0	14.50	527,441	Flanged
	10"	8.0	20.00	972,110	Flanged

WARNING: DO NOT FILL OR UNLOAD FUEL FROM A STORAGE TANK UNLESS IT IS CERTAIN THAT THE TANK VENTS WILL OPERATE PROPERLY. Morrison tank vents are designed only for use on shop fabricated atmospheric tanks which have been built and tested in accordance with UL 142, NFPA 30 & 30A, and API 650 and in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal laws. In normal operation, dust and debris can accumulate in vent openings and block air passages. Certain atmospheric conditions such as a sudden drop in temperature, below freezing temperatures, and freezing rain can cause moisture to enter the vent and freeze which can restrict internal movement of vent mechanisms and block air passages. All storage tank vent air passages must be completely free of restriction and all vent mechanisms must have free movement in order to insure proper operation. Any restriction of airflow can cause excessive pressure or vacuum to build up in the storage tank, which can result in structural damage to the tank, fuel spillage, property damage, fire, injury, and death. Monthly inspection, and immediate inspection during freezing conditions, by someone familiar with the proper operation of storage tank vents, is required to insure venting devices are functioning properly before filling or unloading a tank. Normal vents such as pressure vacuum and updraft vents for aboveground storage tanks should be sized according to NFPA 30 (2008) 21.4.3



# 244A Flanged Adaptor

Flange adaptors are welded to tank top openings in aboveground storage tanks creating a flanged emergency vent connection.

### **Construction Details**

Carbon steel welded rim and skirt.

Size	Weight (lbs)
4" (eight 3/4" holes on 71/2" B.C.)	10.0
6" (eight 1/8" holes on 91/2" B.C.)	12.0
8" (eight 1/8" holes on 113/4" B.C.)	19.0
10" (twelve 1" holes on 14¼" B.C.)	20.0



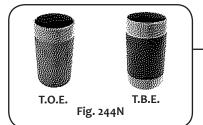
# 244C Companion Flange

Female threads designed to convert a male threaded pipe nipple to a 150# raised face flange connection.

### **Construction Details**

Cast iron with female NPT "center port" I.D.

Size	Weight (lbs)
8" (eight 1/2" holes on 113/4" B.C. w/8" NPT I.D.)	27.0
10" (twelve 1" holes on 14¼" B.C. w/10" NPT I.D.)	36.0



# 244N Pipe Nipple

Steel pipe with male threads on one end (T.O.E) or with male threads on both ends (T.B.E).

Construction Details

Carbon steel —NPT

Size	Weight (lbs)
4" x 8"	7.00
6" x 8"	13.0
8" x 8"	20.0
8" x 12"	28.0

\*Other lengths available.

### Venting Guide



# 948A Series Pressure/Vacuum Vent

The 948A pressure vacuum vent is designed for installation on top of the vent pipe of an aboveground or underground storage tank. The poppets seal vapors in the tank when pressure is equalized. The vent allows the tank to "breathe" during filling and discharging operations.

### **Features**

- UL Listing for compatibility with gasoline, ethanol (to E-85), biodiesel (to B-20)
- Conserves vapors
- Durable construction
- · Easily replaceable seals extend life expectancy
- · Outlasts other brands by many years of service
- Operating temperature -40° F to 130° F
- · Full 2-inch orifice for maximum flow rate

### **Construction Details**

Body... Anodized aluminum Seals... FKM Screens... Stainless steel Handle... Stainless steel Rainguard... Aluminum

### Leak Rates and Settings

- Pressure leak rate: Less than 0.05 SCFH @ 2.00" WC
- Vacuum leak rate: Less than 0.21 SCFH @ 4.00: WC
- Opening pressure: 2.5" to 6.0" WC
- Opening vacuum: 6.0" to 10.0" WC
- •

### **Estimated Flow Rates**

- 36,720 SCFH @ 2.5 PSI pressure
- 8,000 SCFH @ -0.5 PSI vacuum

### Certifications and Listings

UL 2583 Listed; 948A Pressure Vacuum Vents meet the requirements of EPA 40 CFR part 63 for Gasoline Dispensing Facilities; Missouri Air Conservation Commission Approved for Rule 10 CSR 10.2.260 and 10.5.220

Size	Pressure Setting (oz/in <sup>2</sup> )	Vacuum Setting (oz/in²)	Weight (Ibs)	Venting Capacity (SCFH) (@2.5 PSI)
2"	2.5" to 6" W.C.	6" to 10" W.C.	6.75	36,720



NOTE ·

Normal vents such as pressure vacuum and updraft vents for aboveground storage tanks should be sized according to NFPA 30 (2015) 21.4.3.3

WARNING: DO NOT FILL OR UNLOAD FUEL FROM A STORAGE TANK UNLESS IT IS CERTAIN THAT THE TANK VENTS WILLOPERATE PROPERLY. Morrison tank vents are designed only for use on shop fabricated atmospheric tanks which have been built and tested in accordance with UL 142, NFPA 30 & 30A, and API 650 and in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal laws. In normal operation, dust and debris can accumulate in vent openings and block air passages. Certain atmospheric conditions such as a sudden drop in temperature, below freezing temperatures, and freezing rain can cause moisture to enter the vent and freeze which can restrict internal movement of vent mechanisms and block air passages. All storage tank vent air passages must be completely free of restriction and all vent mechanisms must have free movement in order to insure proper operation. Any restriction of airflow can cause excessive pressure or vacuum to build up in the storage tank, which can result in structural damage to the tank, fuel spillage, property damage, fire, injury, and death. Monthly inspection, and immediate inspection during freezing conditions, by someone familiar with the proper operation of storage tank vents, is required to insure venting devices are functioning properly before filling or unloading a tank.



### NOTE

Normal vents such as pressure vacuum and updraft vents for aboveground storage tanks should be sized according to NFPA 30 (2015) 21.4.3.3

# 748A Series **Pressure/Vacuum Vent**

Pressure vacuum vent designed for installation on top of the vent pipe of an aboveground or underground storage tank. Poppets seal vapors in the tank when pressure is equalized. The vent allows the tank to "breathe" during filling and dispensing operations. This vent must be used in conjunction with an emergency vent. It is recommended that the opening pressure setting is set below that of the emergency vent so the normal vent operates first. Settings are approximate.

### Features

- · Vents outward and upward in compliance with NFPA 30
- · Tri-polar mounting screws for mounting exhaust hood in any of three positions
- · Optional dryer connections accommodate the installation of desiccant dryers on vacuum connection
- · Optional pressure discharge hood facilitates piping pressure relief to desired discharge point

### Construction Details

Body and hood... Aluminum Seats... Passivated aluminum Poppets... Brass Screens... Stainless steel

Size	Pressure Setting (oz/in²)	Vacuum Setting (oz/in²)	Weight (lbs)	Venting Capacity (SCFH) (@2.5 PSI)
2"	2.0	1.0	6.75	20,200
2"	4.0	1.0	7.50	20,200
2"	6.0	1.0	8.25	20,200
2"	8.0	1.0	9.25	20,000
2"	12.0	1.0	10.50	18,600
2"	16.0	1.0	11.00	18,600



# 748ALT Series **Pressure/Vacuum Vent**

Pressure vacuum vent valve used with aqua-ammonia and aq-chemical products allowing tank to "breathe" during filling and dispensing operations. Poppets seal vapors in the tank when pressure is equalized. Settings are approximate.

### Construction Details

Size... 2" NPT Body and Cap... Aluminum Poppets... PTFE coated Aluminum Screens... Stainless steel Option (must specify)... Male NPT connection for dryer application Option... Pressure discharge NPT hood

Size	Pressure Setting (oz/in²)	Vacuum Setting (oz/in²)	Weight (lbs)	Venting Capacity (SCFH) (@2.5 PSI)
2"	8.0	1.0	5.50	20,000
2"	16.0	1.0	5.50	18,000
2"	32.0	1.0	5.50	N/A

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# 748A Series 3" Pressure/Vacuum Vent

Pressure vacuum vent designed for installation on top of the vent pipe of an aboveground storage tank. Poppets seal vapors in the tank when pressure is equalized. The vent allows the tank to "breathe" during filling and dispensing operations. This vent must be used in conjunction with an emergency vent. It is recommended that the opening pressure setting is set below that of the emergency vent so the normal vent operates first. Settings are approximate.

### **Features**

- · Vents outward and upward in compliance with NFPA 30
- Tri-polar mounting screws for mounting exhaust hood in any of three positions
- Optional dryer connections accommodate the installation of desiccant dryers on vacuum connection

### **Construction Details**

Body and hood... Aluminum Poppets... Brass Seats... Aluminum Screens... Stainless steel

Size	Pressure Setting (oz/in²)	Vacuum Setting (oz/in²)	Weight (Ibs)	Venting Capacity (SCFH) (@2.5 PSI)
3"	2.0	1.0	9.75	43,000
3"	4.0	1.0	11.15	43,000
3"	6.0	1.0	12.15	43,000
3"	8.0	1.0	13.10	43,000
3"	12.0	1.0	15.30	40,000
3"	16.0	1.0	17.75	40,000



NOTE Normal vents such as pressure vacuum and updraft vents for aboveground storage tanks should be sized according to NFPA 30 (2015) 21.4.3.3

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Fig. 749

# 749 Series Pressure/Vacuum Vent

Pressure vacuum vents are installed on the top of underground and low volume aboveground storage tank vent pipes. Vent allows tank to "breathe" during filling and discharging operations. Pressure and vacuum poppets seal vapors in tank when pressure is equalized. Settings are approximate.

### **Features**

- · Screen protects the tank from debris and insects
- · Integrated internal drain port channels water away from the tank
- Vent vapors up and outward per NFPA 30
- Conserves fuel
- · Certified SCFH ratings

### **Construction Details**

Body and hood... Anodized aluminum Pressure poppet... Anodized aluminum Vacuum poppet... Brass Body seal... Buna-N Screen... 40 mesh brass Springs... Stainless steel Set screws... Zinc-plated steel

### **Certifications & Listings**

CARB 95-14 (749CRB0500 model) CARB 95-15 (749CRB0600 model) CARB 96-19 (749CRBS0600 model)

749CRB Pressure Vacuum Vents (models 749CRB1500 AV, 749CRB1600 AV, and 749CRBS1600 AV), meet the requirements of EPA 40 CFR part 63 for Gasoline Dispensing Facilities

#### WARNING

Fig. 749 P/V vent must only be used in conjunction with motor fueling and/or low capacity flow. Fluid handling in lines larger than that used for retail service stations can cause tank to rupture or implode.

ltem Number	Size	Pressure Setting (oz/in²)	Vacuum Setting (oz/in²)	Weight (Ibs)	Venting Capacity (SCFH) (@ 2.5 PSI)
749	2"	8.0	0.5	1.00	8,500
749	2"	12.0	0.5	1.00	8,500
749	3"	8.0	0.5	1.55	8,500
749	3"	12.0	0.5	1.55	8,500
749S	2"	8.0	0.5	1.00	8,500
749S	2"	12.0	0.5	1.00	8,500
749S	3"	8.0	0.5	1.55	8,500
749S	3"	12.0	0.5	1.55	8,500
749CRB	2"	3"W.C.	8" W.C.	1.45	11,000
749CRB	3"	3"W.C.	8" W.C.	1.95	11,000
749CRBS	2"	8 oz	5 oz	1.45	11,000
749CRBS	3"	8 oz	5 oz	1.95	11,000
749BSP	2"	8.0	0.5	1.0	8,500
749BSP	2"	12.0	0.5	1.00	8,500

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### 922 Combination Vent/Overfill Alarm

The audible alarm whistles when the liquid level in the aboveground storage tank reaches the preset level. The pressure vacuum vent allows the tank to "breathe" during filling and dispensing operations.

2" Pressure relief setting	6 oz/in <sup>2</sup> or 8 oz/in <sup>2</sup>	3" Pressure relief setting	6 oz/in <sup>2</sup> or 8 oz/in <sup>2</sup>
2" Vacuum relief setting	1 oz/in <sup>2</sup>	3" Vacuum relief setting	1 oz/in <sup>2</sup>
2" Venting capacity (SCFH)	30,120 or 30,300	3" Venting capacity (SCFH)	43,020 or 44,160
2" Weight	7.50 lbs	3" Weight	5.25 lbs

### **Features**

- Functions as both a pressure vacuum vent and audible alarm while utilizing a single 2" or 3" tank opening. Installs on the top of the vent pipe, generally 12 feet above grade
- 105 to 120 decibel whistle alarm (measured at a distance of 1 foot with a fill rate of 90 GPM)
  Fully mechanical alarm does not require electricity or batteries
- The alarm level can be set to activate at any liquid level by adjusting the cable length to the float device
- · Minimum fill rate of 20 GPM required for alarm to operate

### **Construction Details**

Body... Anodized aluminum Screens... Stainless steel Rainguard... Aluminum Seals... FKM Ball... PTFE Float... Stainless steel

### **Certifications & Listings**

Florida DEP EQ-227

ltem Number	Size	Pressure Setting (oz/in²)	Venting Capacity (SCFH) (@ 2.5 PSI)	dB Rating*	Width	Height	Weight (lbs)
922	2"	8.0	30,300	120	6.8	9.0	8.50
922	2"	6.0	30,120	120	6.8	9.0	8.50
922	3"	8.0	43,020	110	6.8	9.0	6.30
922	3"	6.0	44,160	105	6.8	9.0	6.30

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# Fig. 922

922 not for use on vapor recovery systems.

WARNING

All emergency vents, fill connections, tank openings, and piping connections must be airtight. Alarm/vent airway must be free of any obstruction such as dirt or ice when filling or unloading tank. Emergency vent should be set at least 2 oz. higher than combination vent.



WARNINGS: Do not use with acetylene, carbon disulfide, etheleneoxide or hydrogen gases. For use with normal hydrocarbon flames such as gasoline in air. Routine inspection is required to ensure airways are clear and free of debris. Blocked airways can cause structural deformation of the tank.

# 351S & 748A **Flame Arrester**

Flame arresters provide a positive barrier that deters flames from passing through the pressure vacuum vent line into a storage tank's vapor space.

### Features

- · Directs vapors outward and upward in accordance with NFPA 30
- · Protects the vent line from debris and insects
- · Tri-polar mounting screws for mounting exhaust hood in any of three positions
- · Optional pressure discharge hood facilitates piping pressure relief to desired discharge point

### Construction Details

### 351S

Body and cover... Cast iron Arrester plates... Stainless steel Arrester grid housing... Brass

### 748A

Body and hood ... Aluminum Poppets... Brass Screens... 30 mesh stainless steel

Size	Pressure Setting (oz/in²)	Vacuum Setting (oz/in²)	Weight (lbs)	Venting Capacity (SCFH) (@2.5 PSI)
2"	2.0	1.0	42.00	15,500
2"	4.0	1.0	42.50	15,500
2"	6.0	1.0	42.75	15,500
2"	8.0	1.0	43.50	15,500
2"	12.0	1.0	44.50	13,000
2"	16.0	1.0	45.75	13,000



### NOTE For petroleum storage tanks containing Group D\* fluids.

\*NFPA 70, the National Electrical Code, lists or defines hazardous gases, vapors, and dusts by "Groups. Consult these resources for information on Group D fluids.

### 352 End-of-Line, Open Air Deflagration Flame Arrester

End-of-Line flame arresters are designed to be installed at the end connection of a tank vent line. The flame arrester provides a protection barrier that deters a flame generated from a source outside of the tank from flashing through the vent into the vapor space of the tank.

### Features

- · 304 stainless arrester plates provide long term corrosion resistance and durability
- · Easy access for visual inspection and periodic maintenance
- Full 2" and 3" NPT vent line air flow capacity
- · Water-resistant cover sheds water away from the vent line

### Construction Details

Base 356 tempered aluminum Cover… Aluminum	Size	Weight (lbs)	Venting Capacity (SCFH) (@2.5 PSI)
Arrester plates 304 stainless steel	2"	7.87	57,000
Threaded hardware 18-8 stainless steel	3"	15.60	117,000
Certifications & Listings			

UL 525 Listed–Standard for Flame Arresters–Edition 8

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### 354 Updraft Vent

Atmospheric updraft vents are installed on the top of storage tank vent pipes on underground and aboveground fuel storage tanks.

### Features

- Directs vapors outward and upward in accordance with NFPA 30
- · Protects the vent line from debris and insects
- · Water-resistant rain cap sheds water away from the vent line
- Slip-on design with set screws for easy installation
- · Internal drain channels water penetration out through weep hole

### Construction Details

Body and cap... Aluminum die cast Screen... 40 mesh stainless steel

### Certifications & Listings

CARB 89-12 (11/2" and 2" 354 models)

Size (slip-or	n) Weight (lbs)	Venting Capacity (SCFH) (@2.5 PSI)
11/2"	0.75	27,650
2"*	0.75	27,650
3"	1.50	59,000
4"	2.25	116,900

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### 155 Double Outlet Vent



Fig. 354

NOTE

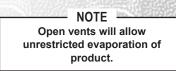
Open vents will allow unrestricted evaporation of

product.

The aluminum T-style vent is used primarily on fuel oil storage tanks. The T-style vent has outlet ports on either side of the inlet that have 20 mesh stainless steel screens that keep debris out of the airway.

Figure 155 is threaded and Figure 155S is a slip-on with set screw. The 155FA has a flash arrestor and the 155BSP has British Threads.

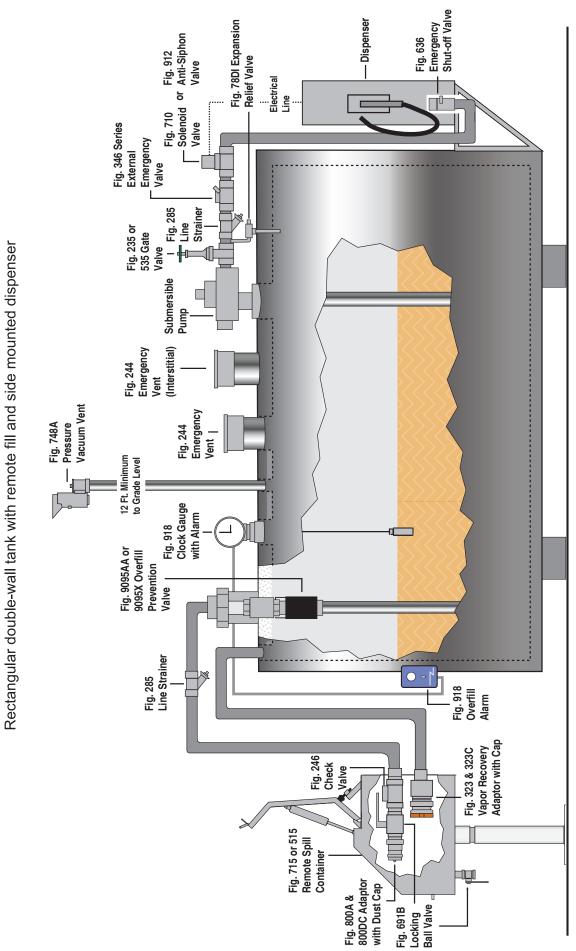
Size	Weight (lbs)
3/4"	.25
1"	.50
11⁄4"	.50
11⁄2"	.75
2"	1.00
3"	2.50



	ц	Emergency Shut off Valve
	Fig. 910 or Anti-Siphon Valve	
<b>ystem</b> er	Fig. 912 or Anti-Siphon Valve . 78D1 . 78D1 pansion	Electrical
<b>Jre S</b> dispens	· Solence Valve	
<b>ressi</b> remote	Fig. 346 Series External Calve Valve	
<b>Veground Fuel Storage - Pressure System</b> Horizontal cylindrical tank with top fill and remote dispenser	Fig. 235 or F 535 Gate Valve Fig. 285 Line Strainer	
<b>Jel Stor</b> al tank with	Fig. 9095AA, 9095C, or 9095X Overfill Prevention Valve Pump	
ound Fu	8	Fig. 419 Drop Tube
<b>Aboveground</b> Horizontal cylin	t 518	
Ak	Fig. 818 Clock Clock Gauge Fig. 323 & (Alarm 323 C Vapor Fig. 918) Recovery with Cap	
	t	
	Fig. 748A Pressure Vacuum Ve Fig. 244 Emergency Vent	
		Minimum Minimum

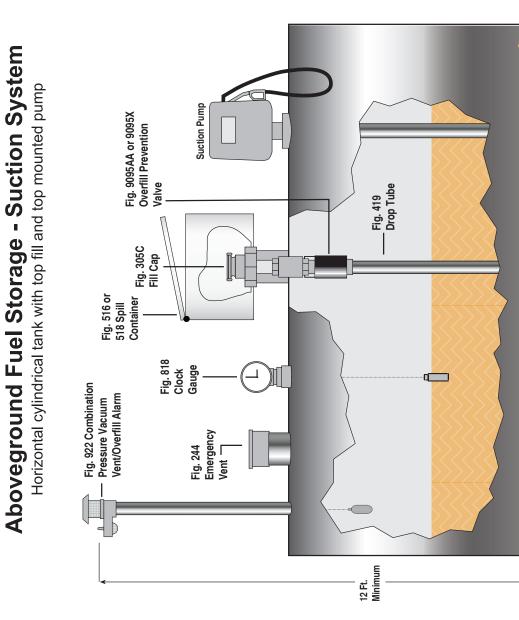
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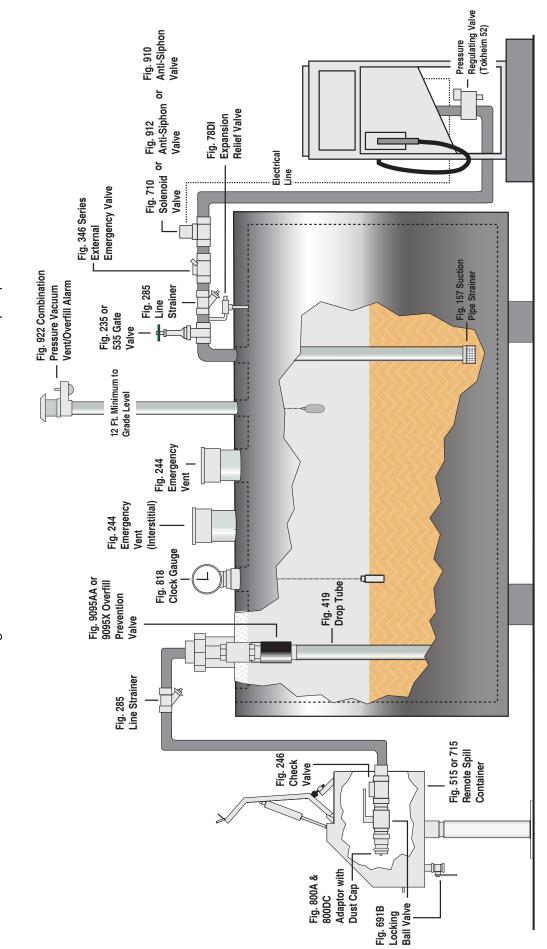


**Aboveground Fuel Storage - Pressure System** 

Fig. 157 Suction Pipe Strainer



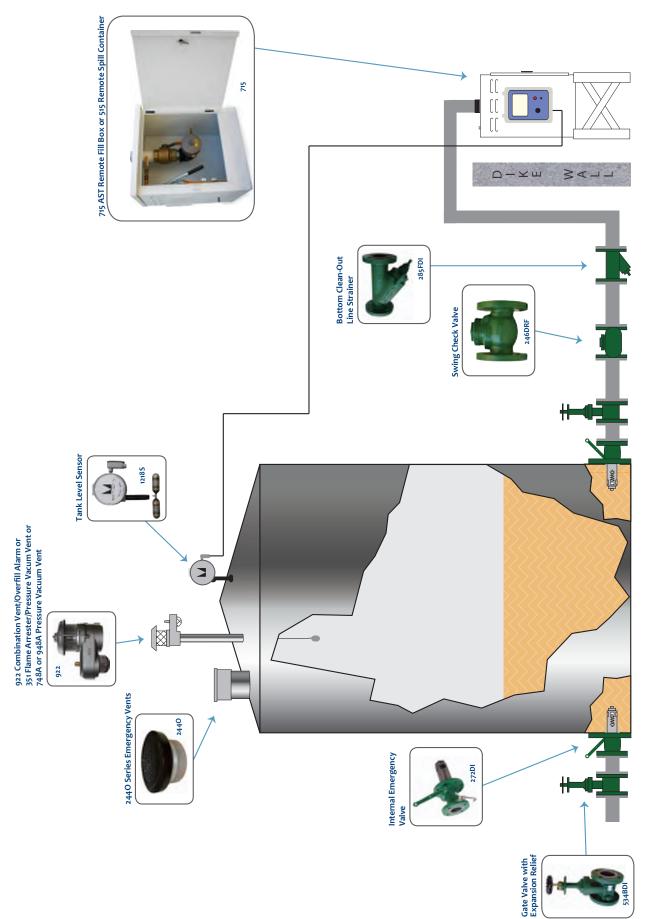
Page 28



Aboveground Fuel Storage - Suction System Rectangular double-wall tank with remote fill and remote pump

	l or Fig. 958 In-line (Return) Check Valve Series rgency Fig. 710 Fig. 910 or 912 Solenoid or Anti-Siphon Valve Valve Fig. 78DI Fig. 78DI Fig. 78DI Relief Valve Relief Valve Relief Valve Relief Valve	(Generator or Boiler)
Emergency Generator or Fuel Oil Suction System	Fig. 354, Fig. 922, or 948A Combination Pressure Vacuum to Grade Level Fig. 235 or Fig. 285 Fig. 346 or 446 Series Siss Gate Strainer Valve Fig. 235 or Fig. 285 Fig. 346 or 446 Series Siss Gate Strainer Valve Fig. 285 (Su	Fig. 539 Fig. 539 Diffuser Diffuser Cor 335 Foot Valve
Emergency	Fig. 9095A Overfill Prevention Valve Fig. 818 or 918 Fig. 244 (Interstit Clock Gauge Emergency Vent Vent Fig. 244 (Interstit Clock Gauge Emergency Vent Fig. 244 (Interstit Drop Tube	Fig. 539 Diffuser
	Fig. 517 or 518 Fig. 305 & Spill Container Quick Disconnect & Cap	

# Venting Guide



Venting Guide



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